

ieltselpnow.com GENERAL TRAINING MODULE PRACTICE TEST 6

GENERAL TRAINING LISTENING PRACTICE TEST 6

SECTION 1 Questions 1 - 10

Questions 1 - 3

Complete the form below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

DRURY'S ELECTRICAL STORE WORK FORM	
<i>Example</i>	<i>Answer</i>
Customer's Name	Phillipa Hutton
Address	13 Glen Avenue Westley
Postcode	(1) _____
Home Tel.	01748 524965
Mobile Tel.	(2) _____
Customer Receipt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes / No
Date of Repair Enquiry	(3) _____
Job Number	J25
Problem	New TV doesn't work

Questions 4 and 5

Circle the correct letter **A - D**.

- 4 Which room did Jane want to use the new television?
- A The dining room
 - B The kitchen
 - C The bedroom
 - D The study
- 5 What will Jane do while the man is looking at her new television?
- A She'll wait in the shop
 - B She'll come back tomorrow
 - C She'll go shopping and come back in half an hour
 - D She'll go shopping and come back in an hour

Questions 6 - 10

Answer the questions below. Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

- 6 What was the problem with the television?

- 7 What day is Jane's nephew's birthday next week?

- 8 How old will Jane's nephew be next week?

- 9 What does Jane think her nephew would like for his birthday?

- 10 What time will Jane go back to the shop tomorrow?

SECTION 2 Questions 11 - 20

Questions 11 - 15

Answer the questions below. Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

- 11 Who has organised the safety talk?
- 12 What crime is most common amongst students?
- 13 Where does PC Fair suggest that students can hide their belongings?
- 14 What should you take with you when you visit an insurance broker about your belongings?
- 15 What does PC Fair say that you can use to mark your property?

Questions 16 - 20

Complete the notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

UNI. SAFETY TALK

At Home

DOORS: Lock front door & ask (16) _____ to put lock on bedroom door.
Fit chain and keep it fastened while at home.

WINDOWS Lock windows, install extra locks and (17) _____ 24 hours.

If frightened, tell someone in hall, (18) _____ at the Union or go to the police.

Going Home

- * Walking home - stay in (19) _____ with good light + don't be alone.
- * 2 late regular night minibuses - priority for women.
- * Taxi better than walking - licensed taxis only and from rank.
- * Keep mobile with you with trusted taxi number inside.

*** Most Important Thing - (20) _____.

SECTION 3 Questions 21 - 30

Questions 21 - 26

Circle the correct letter **A - C**.

- 21 What is Rachel's extended essay about?
- A Hospitals
 - B Factories
 - C Towns
- 22 What did Rachel mainly use to help her with her essay?
- A A book
 - B The internet
 - C Magazines
- 23 How does Rachel feel about her essay at the moment?
- A Happy
 - B Quite happy
 - C Not happy
- 24 Which part of Rachel's extended essay did Dr. Jones like best?
- A The introduction
 - B The middle
 - C The conclusion
- 25 Which part of Rachel's essay does Dr. Jones most want Rachel to change?
- A The statistics tables
 - B The statistics analysis
 - C The bibliography
- 26 By when does Rachel's essay have to be finally given in?
- A 21th April
 - B 24th April
 - C 28th April

Questions 27 - 30

Complete Dr. Jones' notes below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS** for each answer.

Books for Rachel's Presentation on the Reform Act

<u>Book</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>Where to get it</u>
Great 19 th Century Reform	Mark Needham	(27) _____ in library
Article in "History Monthly"	Jim Wood	(28) _____ in library
(29) _____	Rob Jenkins	Inter Library Loan
Reform and the Nineteenth Century	(30) _____	From me

SECTION 4 Questions 31 - 40

Questions 31 - 36

Answer the questions below. Write **NO MORE THAN 3 WORDS OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

31 Where did garlic originally come from?

32 What time of year does garlic begin its growth cycle?

33 What, along with its small leaves, is the key to garlic's survival in harsh climates?

34 According to an ancient Egyptian record, how many sicknesses can garlic be used to treat?

35 In ancient Egypt, how much garlic could buy you a good slave?

36 What did Europeans in the Middle Ages believe garlic could help stop?

Questions 37 - 40

Complete the summary below of the second half of the food science lecture on garlic.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS** for each answer.

Today investigations into garlic have shown that it can help cure and prevent many diseases as it boosts the (37) _____. During World War 2 it was even used as (38) _____ when other drugs were not available.

Although expert opinion differs on many aspects of garlic use, it is agreed that using (39) _____ is the best form. This contains the most "allicin", a compound that is efficient at killing many types of bacteria and, when heated, has beneficial effects in the blood. Indian doctors have recently shown its help in preventing such ailments as arteriosclerosis, thrombosis and (40) _____.

GENERAL TRAINING READING PRACTICE TEST 6

SECTION 1 Questions 1 – 13

Questions 1 – 6

On the following page are 5 advertisements for businesses to do with building.

Answer the questions below by writing the letters of the appropriate advertisement in boxes **1 – 6** on your answer sheet.

- 1 Which **TWO** businesses can officially carry out work on behalf of insurance companies?
- 2 Which business would you call if you wanted a new heating system in your house?
- 3 Which is the only business to offer an actual building service?
- 4 Which **TWO** businesses offer a warranty on all the work that they carry out?
- 5 Which business will answer your call any day, at any time?
- 6 Which business can you contact online?

A**The Drain Doctor!**

- * All drains, sinks and toilets unblocked or repaired fast!
- * Emergency service 24/7!
- * Insurance approved!
- * Work always guaranteed!
- * Pre-fixed prices with no hidden extras!
- * 99.5% of old customers happy to recommend us!
- we'll give you their numbers - call them up and ask.

FREEPHONE: 0805 155 5099

17 The Parade, Senndon

B**WHITE'S MATERIALS**

Quality suppliers of all materials for the building trade since 1975

Tiles	Timber
Ironmongery	Bricks
Metal sheeting	Cement
Gravel	Sand
Plaster	Tools

All this and much more!

Delivery available

Come round and visit:

Finnmore Industrial Estate

Wedgely Road

Senndon

Tel: 01837 732047

C**PRIVATE AND COMMERCIAL PAINTING AND DECORATING***Phone us with the confidence of having a high standard of workmanship carried out...***Gary Bradley**

INTERIOR/EXTERIOR
INSURANCE WORK
FREE ESTIMATES

We pride ourselves on being clean
and tidy

Senndon 01837 486100

Mobile 07889 786261

48 Jumpers Avenue, Senndon

D**D.J. Gillard**

Plumbing and Heating

- * Central Heating
- * Plumbing & Gas Service
- * Boiler Servicing
- * Maintenance & Repair

Senndon 01837 637592

Mobile 07770 149628

1a Grove Road West, Senndon

E**CUSTOM CARPENTRY*****Specialist Carpentry Contractors to the Building Trade***

New Build Contracts	Roofing Works	Loft Conversions	Tiling
Extensions and Renovations	Fitted Wardrobes	Kitchens	

Fully insured and all work fully guaranteed!

01837 469834

e-mail customcarpentry@hotmail.com

Office 77 Abbotsbury Road, Senndon

Questions 7 - 10

Look at the job advertisement below and then answer questions 7 - 10.

LONDON BUS DRIVERS WANTED

Earn up to £500 per week!!! (with overtime)

“...quality people...delivering a quality service...”

Compensation package includes:

- * Great salary
- * Full training given
- * Generous travel concessions (huge discounts on London bus/tube/tram/train travel)
- * Contributory pension
- * A secure future

If you're over 21 and you've held a full UK driving licence for 12 months or more, call now for an application form on freefone 0809 38 99 70 99

Look at the statements below (questions 7 – 10) relating to the above job advertisement:

In boxes 7 – 10 on your answer sheet write:

TRUE *if the statement is true*

FALSE *if the statement is false*

NOT GIVEN *if the information is not given in the advertisement*

- 7 Successful applicants could receive £500 in salary every week.
- 8 Successful applicants will be eligible for free travel in London.
- 9 Successful applicants will have a guaranteed job until retirement.
- 10 Anyone with a full UK driving licence can apply for this job.

Questions 11 – 13

Read the advertisement below about recycling and then answer the questions that follow.

recycling

Did you know that....

...on average every household throws away around 1 tonne of rubbish every year of which about a quarter is packaging waste?

...on average every person in the UK uses 134 plastic carrier bags a year and that each one can take up to 500 years to decay in a landfill site?

There are lots of things you can do to make an impact on the environment. In fact by taking a few simple steps you can reduce the rubbish in your bin by up to 50%! For starters you can take waste that can be recycled to your local recycling depot. Below are the locations of the depots in the local area. Check your postcode to find the nearest to you.

<u>Postcode</u>	<u>Depot</u>
BH1 - 3	Train Station Car Park
BH4 - 6	Relston Street
BH7 - 9	Savers Supermarket Car Park
BH10 - 11	Back of Porchester School

If you want to find out more about recycling, look at the following websites:

www.recyclemore.com	Lots of ideas about recycling, what can be recycled and where to deposit recyclable rubbish.
www.rethinkrubbish.com	Statistics on recycling and details on how recycled things are utilised.

Answer the following questions using **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS** for each answer. Write your answers in boxes **11 – 13** on your answer sheet.

- 11 What proportion of household rubbish is from wrapping waste?
- 12 Where would you go to dispose of your recyclable waste if your postcode were BH5?
- 13 Where can you find information on how recycled material is used?

SECTION 2 Questions 14 – 26

Questions 14 – 16

Look at the Information Leaflet for the **Westley University Open Day** on the following page and the statements (questions **14 – 16**) below:

In boxes **14 – 16** on your answer sheet write:

- TRUE** *if the statement is true*
- FALSE** *if the statement is false*
- NOT GIVEN** *if the information is not given in the leaflet*

- 14 You can go on the Library tour at 9am and then find out about living expenses at the morning talk on fees and money management.
- 15 You can go on the Student's Union tour at 3.00pm and then go to the afternoon parent help talk.
- 16 There is no lecture about the food at Westley University.

Questions 17 – 20

The Information Leaflet for the **Westley University Open Day** has information divided into sections **A – I**. Which section can best help someone with the following things that they might want to know? Write the appropriate letter (**A - I**) in boxes **17 – 20** on your answer sheet.

- 17 A student wants to play tennis during his time at the university.
- 18 A student wants to know more about studying English Literature.
- 19 A student wants to know about the cost of renting a flat while studying at Westley University.
- 20 A student wants to get a job while on her course.

WESTLEY UNIVERSITY OPEN DAY

Information Leaflet

Welcome to Westley University and to our annual Open Day. Today you will have the opportunity to see what life here at the university is like. You will be able to attend lectures on various aspects of university life including the courses that we offer, how to gain entry to the university, where to live here, how to pay for your time at the university, sports and pastimes available and pastoral life. See below for details of all the lectures that are available. All lectures are within 10 minutes walk of each other. Please be on time for all talks as, to lessen disruption, latecomers will not be admitted.

- A** University Library Tour. Held every hour on the hour from 9am. Lasts 20 minutes. See the resources available to students at the university.
- B** Course Lectures. Each individual department will be holding lectures on the courses that they offer. See the individual department noticeboards for this information.
- C** Where to Live at Westley University. This is a 1 hour lecture introducing all the Halls of Residence that the university offers to students. There is also information on how to look for digs in town, how much they are and things to look out for whilst searching for a place to live.
- D** Parent Help. 1 hour talk - 11.30am and 3.40pm. The period that your child is away at university is often the first time he or she has lived away from home. This talk outlines some of the issues that you will face and how you can support yourselves and your child.
- E** Fees and Money Management. 10am and 3pm - 1 hour lecture. If you have money issues then this lecture explains the dos and don'ts of borrowing money from various institutions and gives advice on working while you study.
- F** University Clubs. Every 2 hours from 9am - half hour talk. This talk goes through the myriad of clubs and societies, sporting and otherwise, that you can join and take advantage of during your time at Westley University.
- G** Student's Union Tour. Every hour on the hour - 45 mins length. See round the focal point for most students' life at the university.
- H** Pastoral Life. The university provides places of worship for a variety of religions. Most religions run groups that regularly meet, worship and help support each other.
- I** Food. You will be able to eat at reduced rates at any of the university canteens. This way you can eat cheaply and see what is on offer at our various eateries.

Questions 21 – 24

Read the leaflet for *Health Direct* on the following page.

Do the following statements agree with the information given in the leaflet for *Health Direct*?

In boxes **21 – 24** on your answer sheet write:

YES *if the statement agrees with the information*

NO *if the statement contradicts the information*

NOT GIVEN *if there is no information on this in the leaflet*

- 21 Health Direct is only available to the public from 7.00am to 9.00pm.
- 22 Health Direct does not charge any special telephone rates.
- 23 Health Direct can supply information on out-of-hours chemists.
- 24 Health Direct never shares your health information with anyone else.

Questions 25 and 26

Read the *Health Direct* leaflet again. Complete the following statements (questions **25 and 26**) with words taken from the leaflet.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS** for each answer.

Write your answers in boxes **25 and 26** on your answer sheet.

- 25 When you speak to Health Direct about a problem, they will ask you what you have done to lessen the _____.
- 26 When you speak with Health Direct, you will not be connected with a _____ as none works for Health Direct.

HEALTH	0769
DIRECT	4648
CALL 24 HOURS	

www.healthdirect.com

What is Health Direct?

Health Direct is a phone service staffed by nurses and other professional advisors, giving confidential advice and information. Many illnesses that people suffer do not necessarily warrant a visit to a doctor but people still need advice on their problems. Health Direct helps free up busy doctors and surgeries and provides free advice for people who need it. You can call Health Direct on 0769 46 48. Calls are charged at local rates.

What does the service provide?

Health Direct allows you to speak directly to experienced nurses and professional advisors about your health problems or questions. Using their skills and experience, together with an extensive computer system, Health Direct can give you advice on what to do next. If your problem is more serious, Health Direct can call out an ambulance on your behalf or refer you to a doctor. If you need general information on local health services - such as late night pharmacists, out of hours dentists or support groups - or more in depth information about a particular health condition that may be worrying you or a family member, Health Direct can get you the help and information you need quickly.

What happens when you call Health Direct?

When you call Health Direct, a professional call handler will take your name, address and phone number. You don't have to give this information if you don't want to. Depending on the nature of your call, you will be connected to a nurse or health information advisor. If there is none available, you will be called back as soon as possible, depending on the urgency of your call. If you are feeling ill, you will be asked about:

- * what your symptoms are (eg. headache, sickness) and when they began.
- * what you have already tried to relieve the symptoms.
- * any medicines you are already taking.
- * any existing medical condition you already have (eg. diabetes, angina).

If you are calling on behalf of anyone else, for example a child, you will need to answer these questions for them.

Who will you speak to?

Health Direct does not employ doctors and so we cannot connect you with one. We do have a large staff of experienced nurses and other professional advisors. We are constantly working with health services and local hospitals and surgeries to further train our staff in order to improve the service we can offer to the general public.

SECTION 3 Questions 27 - 40

Read the following passage and answer questions 27 – 40.

The Golden Eagles of Scotland

A

The golden eagle is the largest and arguably the most impressive of British birds. Almost all breeding golden eagles in Britain are in Scotland, where the birds find the surroundings they prefer. Often they can be seen from up to a mile away, and the impression always is of sheer size, power and majesty.

B

The golden eagle prefers open, treeless areas to woods. Because of the climate in western Scotland, these usually upland conditions are present down to sea level and golden eagles are frequently found there at lower altitudes than in central Scotland. Golden eagles are sensitive to human disturbance and build their nests in remote, inaccessible places. Golden eagles in Scotland do not migrate and will remain in their breeding territories throughout the year. Young and non-breeding birds avoid occupied territories in their search for suitable breeding areas.

C

Golden eagles take several years to reach maturity and normally do not start producing young until they are 4 to 5 years old. The reproduction season continues almost all year. The females start to lay 1 to 3 eggs in early to mid April and incubate them for about 43 days. When they are hatched, the young spend 9 to 11 weeks in the nest before making their first flight. More often than not, only one chick will survive to leave the nest. It is still not fully understood whether this is because of a lack of food or competition between the young birds. Young birds will remain in their parents' territory into the early winter months, begging for food for as long as the adult will continue to feed them.

D

Golden eagles will take any prey that is available, from small birds to snakes. In Scotland, they prefer hares and grouse and sometimes rabbits. In coastal areas, they prefer fulmars to gulls. Golden eagles are opportunistic feeders that will eat carrion as well as live prey if it is available. However, when eagles are feeding their young, a supply of live prey is much more important. A pair of eagles needs a huge territory of around 3,000 acres and they soar on thermals as they hunt their prey from the air. Once an eagle spots prey, it swoops down at a speed of up to 150 km/h, striking and killing it with its fierce talons. Keen eyesight allows the eagle to see prey as small as a mouse or a lizard, but larger animals may be killed. Normally, larger mammals such as deer are only eaten if the eagle finds them as carrion.

E

The main danger to golden eagles is from human activity. In the nineteenth century, many eagles were killed by farmers and gamekeepers in the belief that they killed large numbers of sheep and grouse. A few lambs may be killed, but mostly weak and sick ones which would probably die anyway. The lambs that eagles usually take are ones that are already dead; these may be carried back to the nest to be fed to the chicks. Golden eagles certainly do kill grouse, but research has shown that they do not eat nearly as many as gamekeepers used to suggest. Fortunately, most farmers and gamekeepers now realise that the eagle is beneficial in controlling animals that are vermin, such as rats and rabbits. It is an important predator, helping to maintain an ecological balance within its habitat. Another serious danger is habitat destruction when forestry plantations take over the open areas over which the eagle likes to hunt. Also some pairs of eagles fail to breed or successfully rear their young when they are unintentionally disturbed by too many walkers or climbers passing close to their nests.

F

Adult golden eagles are famous for the light golden brown colouring on their head, neck and shoulders. Their bodies are mostly a medium brown colour with lighter mottling. Golden eagles have a smaller head and longer tail than white-tailed eagles and there are also distinctive flight characteristics. The plumage of young golden eagles is a dark chocolate brown with very conspicuous white markings on the wings and upper parts of the tail. Golden eagles are rarely heard and adults generally only call when agitated. Hungry young birds make a loud 'yip-yip' sound that can be heard from some distance.

G

During the 1960s many golden eagles, as well as most other birds of prey, were affected by pollution from dangerous chemicals, such as DDT, which entered the food chains in their habitat. The eagles, being at the top of the food chains, were taking in considerable quantities of the chemicals from their prey; this either made them infertile or caused their egg shells to be so thin that they broke when the birds tried to incubate them. Fortunately, when the danger of these pesticides was realised, they were banned and since then the eagle has recovered in numbers to some extent. There are now around 500 breeding pairs, all in the remoter regions of Scotland, except for one pair which lives and nests around Hawes Water in the Lake District.

Questions 27 - 32

The reading passage on *The Golden Eagles of Scotland* has 7 paragraphs **A – G**.

From the list of headings below choose the most suitable headings for paragraphs **B – G**.

Write the appropriate number (**i – xi**) in boxes **27 – 32** on your answer sheet.

NB There are more headings than paragraphs, so you will not use them all.

i	Diet
ii	World Legislation
iii	Threats
iv	The Greatest British Bird
v	Golden Eagle Migration
vi	Pesticide Pollution
vii	Habitat
viii	Population Explosion
ix	Breeding
x	Egg Collectors
xi	Identification

<i>Example</i>	<i>Answer</i>
Paragraph A	iv

27 Paragraph B

28 Paragraph C

- 29 Paragraph D
- 30 Paragraph E
- 31 Paragraph F
- 32 Paragraph G

Questions 33 – 40

Do the following statements agree with the information given in *The Golden Eagles of Scotland*?

In boxes **33 – 40** on your answer sheet write:

- YES** *if the statement agrees with the information*
- NO** *if the statement contradicts the information*
- NOT GIVEN** *if there is no information on this in the passage*

- 33 Golden eagles are not often seen near the sea in Scotland because of the lack of altitude.
- 34 Juvenile golden eagles that have not yet laid claim to their own territories will try to keep away from the territories of other eagles.

- 35 It is now been proved that sibling rivalry leads to usually only one chick reaching maturity.
- 36 The parents of a young golden eagle accompany it on its first hunting expeditions.
- 37 Golden eagles are happy to feed on dead animals that they find.
- 38 Adult golden eagles are sometimes attacked by large animals such as foxes.
- 39 The appearance of golden eagles changes as they get older.
- 40 Scottish golden eagles will never fully recover their numbers after the effects of pesticides in their environment.

GENERAL TRAINING WRITING PRACTICE TEST 6

WRITING TASK 1

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

You have just spent a weekend at a friend's house. When you returned home, you discovered you have left a coat containing some belongings in his house.

Write a letter to your friend telling him that you left the coat. Tell him what the coat looks like, where you think you left it and what was inside it. Make some suggestions about how to get it back.

You should write at least 150 words.

You do **NOT** need to write your own address. Begin your letter as follows:

Dear John,

WRITING TASK 2

You should spend about 40 minutes on this task.

A lot of people believe that the amount of violence shown on TV and in the cinema affects the actions of our young people and therefore increases the amount of violence in our society today.

Do you agree or disagree with this statement? What can be done to reduce violence in our society today?

You should write at least 250 words.

GENERAL TRAINING SPEAKING PRACTICE TEST 6

Section 1

- * Could you describe your bedroom in your house or apartment?
- * How would you make your bedroom better?
- * Do you think it's a good idea to have a TV in a bedroom? (Why/Why not?)

Topic 1 The Seasons

- * What is your favourite time of year?
- * How much do you think people are affected by the seasons and the weather?
- * What sorts of things do people in your country like to do in winter?
- * What sorts of things do people in your country like to do in summer?

Topic 2 Food and Cooking

- * What kinds of food do you like? (Why?)
- * What kinds of things don't you like to eat? (Why not?)
- * Do you like cooking? (Why/Why not?)
- * What was the last thing that you cooked?

Section 2

Describe an accident or injury that has happened to you
You should say:
 when and where it happened
 how it happened
 what happened afterwards
and explain how you felt about it

Section 3

Topic 1 World Health

- * What are the worst health problems facing the world today?
- * What do you think will be the major health problems to face the world over the next 50 years?
- * Should richer countries assist with the health problems in poorer countries?
- * What are some of the things that we can do to help provide cleaner water in poor countries?

Topic 2 Your Country's Health System

- * Describe the health system in your country?
- * What's the procedure for seeing a doctor in your country?
- * What are the advantages and disadvantages of private health insurance?
- * Do you think a country's health system should be free? (Why/Why not?)